

1

2

3

4

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

5

6

CATRINA R. RODRIGUEZ, ON BEHALF  
OF HERSELF, ALL OTHERS  
SIMILARLY SITUATED,

7

Plaintiff,

8

v.

9

U.S. HEALTHWORKS, INC., A  
DELAWARE CORPORATION, et al.,

10

Defendants.

11

12

13

Case No. 17-cv-06924-KAW

**ORDER DENYING ADMINISTRATIVE  
MOTION TO EXTEND DISCOVERY  
CUTOFF**

Re: Dkt. No. 55

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Plaintiff Catrina R. Rodriguez filed a putative class action against Defendants U.S. Healthworks, Inc. and U.S. Healthworks Medical Group Professional Corporation, alleging violations of the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (“FCRA”) and similar California statutes. (*See* Compl. ¶¶ 2-3, Dkt. No. 1-2.) On April 16, 2019, Plaintiff filed the instant administrative motion to extend the February 1, 2019 fact discovery deadline. (Plf.’s Mot., Dkt. No. 55.) The Court deems the matter suitable for disposition without hearing pursuant to Civil Local Rule 7-1(b), and for the reasons stated below, DENIES Plaintiff’s motion.

**I. BACKGROUND**

On October 24, 2017, Plaintiff filed the instant case, alleging that “Defendants routinely acquire consumer, investigative consumer and/or consumer credit reports . . . to conduct background checks on Plaintiff and other prospective, current and former employees . . . without providing proper disclosures and obtaining proper authorization in compliance with the law.” (Compl. ¶ 2.) On December 4, 2017, Defendants removed the case to federal court based on federal question jurisdiction. (Not. of Removal ¶ 5, Dkt. No. 1.)

29

On May 1, 2018, the Court held an initial case management conference. (Dkt. No. 17.)

1 The Court set a fact discovery deadline of November 30, 2018. (*Id.*)

2 On May 4, 2018, Plaintiff propounded Special Interrogatory No. 1, asking Defendants to  
3 produce a class list. (Plf.'s Mot. at 2.) Defendant eventually responded with the number of class  
4 members, but did not identify the individuals. (*Id.* at 2-3.)

5 On December 17, 2018, the parties filed a proposed order extending trial deadlines. (Dkt.  
6 No. 38-1.) The extensions included continuing the fact discovery deadline to February 1, 2019  
7 and the dispositive motion hearing date to May 16, 2019. (Dkt. No. 38-1 at 2.) On December 19,  
8 2019, the Court entered the proposed order.

9 On February 5, 2019, after the fact discovery cutoff, Defendants served a deposition notice  
10 on Plaintiff. (Setareh Decl. ¶ 7, Dkt. No. 55-1; Chhokar Decl. ¶ 6, Dkt. No. 57-1.) On February  
11 18, 2019, Plaintiff served a 30(b)(6) deposition notice on Defendants. (*Id.*)

12 On February 25, 2019, the parties informed each other that they were unavailable for the  
13 depositions on the noticed dates. (Setareh Decl. ¶ 8.) That same day, Defendant requested what  
14 days worked for Plaintiff's deposition, and also stated: "Given the upcoming dispositive motion  
15 deadline in this case, we ask that Plaintiff's deposition be set for no later than Tuesday, March 19,  
16 2019 . . ." (Chhokar Decl., Exh. C at 1.) On February 28, 2019, Plaintiff asked Defendants to  
17 provide their availability for both depositions. (Setareh Decl. ¶ 8.) On March 1, 2019, Defendants  
18 responded with their availability for Plaintiff's deposition, and also provided formal objections to  
19 the 30(b)(6) deposition and gave Defendants' availability for the 30(b)(6) deposition. (Setareh  
20 Decl. ¶ 8, Exh. 3 at 1; Chhokar Decl. ¶ 7, Exh. B at 1.) Defendants also asked to schedule a meet-  
21 and-confer teleconference to clarify the 30(b)(6) deposition topics, and proposed dates. (Chhokar  
22 Decl., Exh. B at 1.)

23 After Plaintiff failed to respond, Defendants followed up on March 7, 2019. (Chhokar  
24 Decl. ¶ 9, Exh. B at 1.) Defendants again emphasized that the dispositive motion deadline was  
25 coming up, and that Plaintiff's deposition would need to be taken no later than March 19. (*Id.*)  
26 Plaintiff did not respond. (Chhokar Decl. ¶ 9.)

27 On March 28, 2019, the parties conducted a telephone conference to discuss outstanding  
28 discovery issues and the filing of the joint case management conference statement. (Setareh Decl.

1 ¶ 10; Chhokar Decl. ¶ 10.) Plaintiff asked if Defendants would be willing to extend the fact  
2 discovery deadline. (*Id.*) Defendants stated they would confer with their clients and respond.  
3 (*Id.*)

4 On April 1, 2019, Defendants filed their motion for summary judgment. (Dkt. No. 40.)  
5 On April 2, 2019, the parties filed their updated case management conference statement, in which  
6 Plaintiff stated her intent to file a motion to remand based on lack of Article III standing for her  
7 background check claim. (Dkt. No. 41 at 1.) Neither party raised the need for an extension of the  
8 fact discovery deadline. (*See* Dkt. No. 41.) On April 8, 2019, Plaintiff filed her motion to  
9 remand. (Dkt. No. 45.)

10 On April 9, 2019, the Court held a further case management conference. (Dkt. No. 47.)  
11 Again, neither party raised the need for an extension of the fact discovery deadline. (*See* Dkt. No.  
12 46.)

13 On April 11, 2019, Plaintiff e-mailed Defendants regarding the extension of the fact  
14 discovery deadline. (Setareh Decl. ¶ 11.) On April 12, 2019, Defendants responded that they  
15 would not extend the discovery cutoff. (Setareh Decl. ¶ 11; Chhokar Decl. ¶ 10.) Defendants  
16 explained that they had wanted to take Plaintiff's deposition prior to filing their motion for  
17 summary judgment, but that "Plaintiff was uncooperative." (Setareh Decl., Exh. 5 at 1.)

18 On April 15, 2019, Plaintiff filed her opposition to Defendants' motion for summary  
19 judgment. (Dkt. No. 51.) In her opposition, Plaintiff requested that the Court defer the motion or  
20 allow time for discovery in light of Plaintiff's inability to conduct the Rule 30(b)(6) deposition.  
21 (*Id.* at 6-7, 10-11.)

22 On April 16, 2019, Plaintiff filed the instant motion to extend the fact discovery deadline  
23 to May 31, 2019. (Plf.'s Mot. at 2.) On April 22, 2019, Defendants filed their opposition. (Defs.'  
24 Opp'n, Dkt. No. 57.)

25 **II. LEGAL STANDARD**

26 Per Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 16(b)(4), "[a] schedule may be modified only for good  
27 cause and with the judge's consent." The "'good cause' standard primarily considers the diligence  
28 of the party seeking the amendment. The district court may modify the pretrial schedule 'if it

1 cannot reasonably be met despite the diligence of the party seeking the extension.”” *Johnson v.*  
2 *Mammoth Recreations*, 975 F.2d 604, 609 (9th Cir. 1992) (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 16 advisory  
3 committee’s notes (1983 amendment)). If, however, “that party was not diligent, the inquiry  
4 should end.” *Id.*

### 5 III. DISCUSSION

6 The Court finds that Plaintiff has failed to demonstrate diligence in prosecuting this case.  
7 In *God Kaisha IP Bridge 1 v. Omnivision Technologies Inc.*, the district court denied a motion to  
8 extend the time to complete discovery. Case No. 17-cv-778-BLF, 2018 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 201744,  
9 at \*1 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 27, 2018). There, Plaintiff knew when the fact discovery deadline was, yet  
10 waited until ‘approximately one month before the close of discovery, to notice and schedule the  
11 depositions at issue.” *Id.* at \*4. The district court explained that “without some explanation for  
12 that delay or indication of factors outside Plaintiff’s control, the Court cannot conclude that  
13 Plaintiff diligently pursued the discovery at issue.” Because Plaintiff failed to show diligence in  
14 pursuing discovery, ““the inquiry should end”” and the motion to extend time denied. *Id.* (quoting  
15 *Johnson*, 975 F.2d at 609); *see also Wilson v. Frito-Lay N. Am. Inc.*, Case No. 12-cv-1586-SC,  
16 2015 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 22880, at \*7-8 (N.D. Cal. Feb. 25, 2015) (finding no good cause to extend  
17 the discovery deadline because “absent some circumstance outside Plaintiffs’ control, it was  
18 unreasonable for Plaintiffs to wait, with full notice of the existence of relevant witnesses, until less  
19 than a month prior to the fact discovery cutoff to notice a third party deposition”).

20 Likewise, Plaintiff here has made no showing of diligence. Plaintiff explains that an  
21 extension of the fact discovery deadline is needed so that Plaintiff can obtain a class list, conduct a  
22 30(b)(6) deposition, and obtain all of the disclosure forms Defendants have used. (Plf.’s Mot. at  
23 2-3, 5.) Plaintiff, however, does not provide any explanation for why Plaintiff failed to obtain this  
24 discovery before the fact discovery cutoff. The February 1, 2019 fact discovery deadline was set  
25 on December 19, 2018, when the Court entered the parties’ stipulated extension of the trial  
26 deadlines. Plaintiff does not explain why she did not serve the 30(b)6 deposition notice until  
27 February 18, 2019, more than two weeks **after** the fact discovery deadline passed. (Setareh Decl.  
28 ¶ 7.) Plaintiff also offers no reason why she did not raise the dispute regarding the class list to the

1 Court until the instant motion to extend the fact discovery deadline, and it is not apparent to the  
2 Court if Plaintiff ever sought the disclosure forms from Defendants.<sup>1</sup>

3 Plaintiff also fails to explain why she did not seek an extension of the fact discovery  
4 deadline from the Court until April 16, 2019, more than two months after the fact discovery  
5 deadline and after Defendants had already filed their motion for summary judgment. Indeed,  
6 Plaintiff did not even suggest that she needed an extension of the deadline at the April 9, 2019  
7 case management conference.

8 In short, Plaintiff has delayed in conducting discovery and seeking relief from the  
9 deadlines, and provides no explanation for that delay. Accordingly, the Court concludes that  
10 Plaintiff has not shown diligence, and thus there is no good cause for extending the fact discovery  
11 deadline.

12 **IV. CONCLUSION**

13 For the reasons stated above, the Court DENIES Plaintiff's motion to extend the fact  
14 discovery deadline.

15 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

16 Dated: May 16, 2019

17   
18 KANDIS A. WESTMORE  
United States Magistrate Judge

19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25 <sup>1</sup> It also appears Plaintiff delayed during the parties' discussions for scheduling the depositions  
26 after the February 2, 2019 fact discovery deadline. Specifically, on March 1, 2019, Defendants  
27 provided their availability to Plaintiff for both depositions. (Chhokar Decl. ¶ 7, Exh. B at 1.)  
28 Defendants then followed up with Plaintiff on both March 7 and March 19, 2019 after Plaintiff  
failed to respond. (Chhokar Decl. ¶ 9.) Notably, Defendants had previously informed Plaintiff  
that they wished to conduct Plaintiff's deposition by March 19, 2019, in light of the upcoming  
dispositive motion deadline. (Chhokar Decl., Exh. C at 1.)